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#### Faculty of Forensic & Legal Medicine

# Recommendations for collecting nail clippings for toxicology

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### **General information**

- 1. Fingernail (or toenail) clippings can be used for drugs analysis, especially as an alternative when the individual has no, or a limited amount of, head and body hair.
- Nail clippings should only be taken a minimum of 4 weeks after date of interest.
- **3.** A single dose of a drug may not be detected in a nail sample.
- 4. With a positive result, it is not possible to relate the results from fingernails/toenails to the dose of drug ingested as the amount of a drug incorporated into nails varies greatly between individuals and is also incorporated into the nail over the whole nail bed.
- 5. It is not possible to relate a positive result to a particular date or time period. Drugs may be detected in nails within about 1 to 4 weeks after use/ingestion but will then generally remain detectable in the nail for several months (longer in toenails than in fingernails).
- Drugs can be incorporated into nails via direct environmental exposure to illicit drugs (e.g. from handling illicit drug packages, drug dealing etc)

## Method of sampling and packaging

- Nails should be clean and free from dirt (wash hands and nails as normal) and nail polish (removed with nail polish remover).
- **2.** The nail clippers or scissors used for collection should be cleaned prior to use (preferably using non-alcohol containing cleaning wipe or antibacterial wipe).
- Clip/cut (or ask the individual to clip/cut) the nails as close to the nail bed as comfortable over a clean sheet of paper to collect the clippings. Ideally, collect at least 2 3mm of clippings from each of the 10 digits which should provide about 100mg of nail clippings from an adult (the preferable amount for analysis), although a more limited analysis is possible on smaller samples.
- 4. Either transfer the clippings into an appropriate specimen collection kit container e.g. Sterilin™ vial (as in the nail collection kit) or, if not available, fold the paper over on each side to securely enclose the clippings, secure with tape/seal to keep paper closed, etc. and place into a tamper-evident bag and seal.

### Storage

Nail clippings for toxicology must not be frozen or refrigerated. They must be stored dry at normal room temperature.